

户外通識教室:空氣清新處才會發現地衣

Nature's Classroom: Lichen represents fresh air

鴨腳木的樹幹上常附有一笪笪 灰白色的印斑,原來是地衣。 地衣其實是一種真菌和藻類共 生之低等植物,生長緩慢,最 怕污濁空氣,故地衣可以說得 上是自然界的「指示」生物, 有它的地方便是空氣清新之明 證。藻類會負責進行光合作 用;而真菌則負責吸收水份, 雨者互惠互利。除樹皮外,地 衣也生長在岩石上, 甚至荒漠 和極地也可發現它的蹤跡。古 希臘人用地衣提煉染料;而現 代人也可用地衣製造檢測酸鹼 度的試紙。

Ivy Tree's trunk often carries grayish white patches, which are lichens—a low level flora formed by symbiotic fungus & algae, very sensitive to manufactured pollutants, it can only survive in unpolluted air, therefore wherever you find it, where the natural environment is good & the air is fresh! Lichens can grow on tree bark, bare rock, sterile soil, sand, dessert & even polar region. Lichens can be used to make test paper for acidity.



